

Message Text

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AMEMBASSY NICOSIA

AMEMBASSY OSLO

AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY ROME

AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

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E.O. 11652: N/A

TAGS: OGEN

SUBJ: USUN UNCLASSIFIED SUMMARY NO. 41

COMMITTEE 1 -- KOREA

COMMITTEE OCTOBER 24 CONTINUED ITS DEBATE ON THE KOREAN QUESTION AND HEARD STATEMENTS FROM INDONESIA, BULGARIA, FRG, UKRAINE, BURUNDI, GDR AND ECUADOR. THE CHAIRMAN STATED THERE WERE 44 SPEAKERS LISTED FOR OCT. 27 AND 28 AND NIGHT MEETINGS MIGHT BE NECESSARY.

INDONESIA (SANI) URGED THE UN TO FORMULATE AN ACCEPTABLE COMPROMISE RATHER THAN SUPPORTING EITHER NORTH OR SOUTH KOREA IN THEIR CONFRONTATION. HE SAID THAT THE ASEAN, AND INDONESIA IN PARTICULAR, PREFERRED TO BRING THE TWO PARTIES TOGETHER BY PERSUADING MODERATION. HE ADDED THAT, CONCURRENT WITH THE DISSOLUTION OF THE UN COMMAND AND WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN TROOPS, THE PARTIES DIRECTLY CONCERNED SHOULD AGREE ON ALTERNATIVE ARRANGEMENTS TO MAINTAIN PEACE ALONG THE 38TH PARALLEL. ECUADOR (RODRIGUEZ) ALSO SAID THAT THE UN SHOULD AVOID A CONFRONTATION WHICH WOULD SERVE NO USEFUL PURPOSE. HE ADDED THAT EVERY EFFORT SHOULD BE MADE TO PERSUADE NORTH AND SOUTH KOREA TO REDUCE THEIR ARMAMENTS, ENTER INTO A NON-AGGRESSION PACT AND END FOREIGN INTERFERENCE IN THEIR AFFAIRS. HE ALSO POINTED OUT THAT EVERY STATE HAD THE SOVEREIGN RIGHT TO DECIDE IF IT WANTED FOREIGN TROOPS ON ITS TERRITORY, AND THAT THE CONTINUATION OF THE ARMISTICE AGREEMENT WAS INDISPENSABLE FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF PEACE IN KOREA.

SPEAKING IN SUPPORT OF THE ALGERIAN RESOLUTION, BULGARIA (GROZEV) CHARGED THAT THE ROK AND ITS SUPPORTERS WERE OBSTRUCTING EFFORTS TOWARD THE PEACEFUL REUNIFICATION OF KOREA AND WERE TRYING TO MISLEAD WORLD PUBLIC OPINION BY PLACING THE BLAME WHERE IT DID NOT BELONG. UKRAINE (SHEVEL) REGRETTED THAT THE UN FLAG WAS BEING MISUSED TO SUPPORT THE PUPPET REGIME IN SEOUL WHICH CLUNG TO POWER BY REPRESSING THE PEOPLE AND BUILDING UP ITS MILITARY MACHINE. BURUNDI (NDABANIWE) ADDED THAT SOUTH KOREA HAD BEEN TRANSFORMED INTO A NEOCOLONIAL MILITARY BASE WHICH THREATENED UNCLASSIFIED

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WAR AGAINST THE NORTH WITH THE UNCONDITIONAL SUPPORT OF THE U.S. THE GDR (FLORIN) SAID THAT THE SO-CALLED U.S. MILITARY ASSISTANCE TO SOUTH KOREA WOULD INEVITABLY LEAD TO AN INCREASE IN THE ARMS RACE IN THE AREA, AND THAT TALK ABOUT THE SO-CALLED THREAT FROM THE NORTH WAS A DISTORTION OF THE PEACE-LOVING NATURE OF NORTH KOREA.

FRG (VON WECHMAR) WELCOMED REALISTIC EFFORTS TO DIMINISH

CONFRONTATION BETWEEN THE ROK AND DPRK, PARTICULARLY THE ROK'S DECLARED WILLINGNESS TO ENTER INTO TALKS WHICH THE NORTH SHOULD RECIPROCAT. HE ALSO WELCOMED THE PROPOSAL TO TERMINATE THE UN CAOMMAND CONCURRENT WITH THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEMPORARY ARRANGEMENTS TO MAINTAIN THE ARMISTICE AGREEMENT. HE ADDED THAT A DURABLE AND PEACEFUL SOLUTION WOULD BE ACHIEVED ONLY WITH THE PARTICIPATION OF BOTH NORTH AND SOUTH KOREA. HE POINTED OUT THAT THE WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN TROOPS FROM SOUTH KOREA MUST BE CONSIDERED IN THE LIGHT OF THE SOVEREIGN RIGHT OF A STATE TO CONCLUDE ANY AGREEMENT WHICH MET ITS SECURITY REQUIREMENTS. IN THIS CONTEXT, HE SATED THAT "NOBODY HAS THE RIGHT TO INTERFERE WITH BILATERAL ARRANGEMENTS WHICH PROVIDE FOR THE STATIONING OF TROOPS WITHOUT ANY OFFENSIVE CHARACTER".

SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE - APARTHEID

LIBYAN REPRESENTATIVE, ON BEHALF OF ARAB GROUP, REPLIED IN COMMITTEE OCT. 24 TO USDEL'S OCT. 23 STATEMENT. IN GENERAL DEBATE, ZAIRE WAS CRITICAL OF USG'S POLICY, IF ANY, TOWARD AFRICA. ISRAELI REPLY TO ARAB ACCUSATIONS TOUCHED OFF SERIES OF COUNTER-REPLIES. FIFTY-SIX-POWER RESOLUTION (L. 326) WHICH WOULD HAVE THE GA PROCLAIM THAT THE UN AND THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY HAVE "A SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITY TOWARD THE OPPRESSED PEOPLE OF SOUTH AFRICA AND THEIR LIBERATION MOVEMENTS, AND TOWARD THOSE IMPRISONED, RESTRICTED OR EXILED FOR THEIR STRUGGLE AGAINST APARTHEID" WAS ADOPTED 90-0-9 (BELGIUM, FRANCE, FRG, ITALY, JAPAN, LUXEMBOURG, NETHERLANDS, UK, US). THE GA WOULD ALSO REITERATE ITS DETERMINATION TO WORK FOR CONCERTED INTERNATIONAL EFFORTS, IN COOPERATION WITH THE OAU, "FOR THE SPEEDY ERADICATION OF APARTHEID IN SOUTH AFRICA AND THE LIBERATION OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN PEOPLE." AFTER EXPLANATIONS OF VOTES AND RIGHTS OF REPLY, THE CHAIRMAN UNCLASSIFIED

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ANNOUNCED THAT A FURTHER DRAFT RESOLUTION ON BANTUSTANS WOULD BE INTRODUCED O T. 27. GENERAL DEBATE STATEMENTS ON APARTHEID WERE MADE NOT ONLY BY ZAIRE, BUT ALSO BY OMAN AND MADAGASCAR.

IN EXPLANATIONS OF VOTES, FRG, NETHERLANDS, ITALY AND FRANCE EXPRESSED DOUBTS ABOUT THE IDEA OF "SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITY," FRG ASKING WHAT IT MEANT. UK DID NOT UNDERSTAND THE PHRASE IN A NON-COLONAIL SITUATION AND OPPOSED THE PRINCIPLE OF ARMED STRUGGLE WHICH WAS IMPLIED IN THE TEXT. IRELAND ALSO HAD DOUBTS ABOUT SOME OF THE WORDING, CANADA THOUGHT IT COULD GIVE RISE TO PROBLEMS OF INTERPRETATION, AND JAPAN SAID IT HAD FAR-REACHING IMPLICATIONS WHICH JAPAN COULD NOT SUPPORT.

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-- ARAB REPLY TO U.S. --

THE LIBYAN REPRESENTATIVE (EL SHEIBUNI), SPEAKING ON BEHALF OF THE ARAB GROUP, SAID THAT THE U.S. REPRESENTATIVE'S "OVERWHELMING ENTHUSIASM FOR ZIONISM" MADE HIM FORGET THE GA RULES; THE UN DID NOT FOLLOW THE DIRECTIVES OF THE U.S. OR OF ITS ALLY, ZIONISM. HE ARGUED THAT THE DEBATE HAD SHOWN HOW CLOSELY RACISM IN SOUTH AFRICA WAS LINKED WITH ZIONISM, AND SAID THERE WAS A GREAT DIFFERENCE BETWEEN ZIONISM, WHICH WAS A RACIST THEORY, AND JUDAISM, WHICH WAS A RELIGIOUS FAITH. WHAT THE JEWS HAD SUFFERED HAD BEEN SUFFERED AT THE HANDS OF THE WEST. COEXISTENCE BETWEEN MOSLEMS, CHRISTIANS AND JEWS THROUGHOUT THE YEARS HAD NEVER BEEN DISTURBED, EXCPET WHEN THE RACIST THEORY OF ZIONISM EMERGED. THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE AGAINST APARTHEID CONTAINED INFORMATION ATTESTING TO THE INCREASED COLLABORATION BETWEEN ISRAEL AND SOUTH AFRICA, DESPITE GA WARNINGS. THE COMMITTEE SHOULD JUDGE THE MORALITY OF ZIONISM ON THE BASIS OF ITS INCREASING COLLABORATION WITH SOUTH AFRICA, HE SAID, RESERVING HIS RIGHT TO SPEAK AGAIN ON THE MATTER. U.S. (KATZEN) ALSO RESERVED RIGHT CO COMMENT LATER.

-- GENERAL DEBATE --

IN THE GENERAL DEBAT, ALL SPEAKERS CONDEMNED THE RACIST POLICIES OF SOUTH AFRICA. IN ADDITION, OMAN (ALI) SAID IT WAS NO SURPRISE THAT THE RACIST REGIMES OF PRETORIA AND TEL AVIV HAD CLOSE TIES, IN VIEW OF THE SIMILARITY BETWEEN THE TWO REGIMES. HE CALLED FOR AN END TO TRADE AND OTHER RELATIONS WITH SOUTH AFRICA BY ALL STATES. MALAGASY REPRESENTATIVE (RASOLONDRAIBE) SAID THAT THROUGH THE USE OF THE VETO, WESTERN POWERS MANAGED TO KEEP WITHIN THE UN FOUR MILLION WHITES BUT, IN THE PROCESS, HAD LOCKED OUT MANY MILLIONS MORE OF BLACKS.

THE REPRESENTATIVE OF ZAIRE (BANGO) STATED THAT THE SOUTH AFRICAN REGIME COULD NOT TRAMPEL UN DECISIONS UNDERFOOT IF IT WERE NOT FOR THE SUPPORT IT RECEIVED FROM CERTAIN UN MEMBER STATES. THANKS TO THE CONTRIBUTIONS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FROM THE WESTERN POWERS, THERE WAS A DANGEROUS MILITARY POWER ON THE CONTINENT, AND THE GA SHOULD RECOMMEND THAT THE

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OPERATION OF WESTERN ENTERPRISES IN SOUTH AFRICA WAS S DANGER TO WORLD PEACE AND SECURITY. AS A FRIEND OF THE U.S., ZAIRE

ASKED IF THERE REALLY WAS A U.S. AFRICA POLICY. THE U.S. POLICY SEEMED A "PASSIVE" ONE OF STATUS QUO AND FAIT ACCOMPLI. THE U.S. HAD DONE NOTHING FOR THE LIBERATION OF AFRICA FROM COLONIALISM AND APARTHEID, IT NEVER RECEIVED A LEADER OF AN AFRICAN LIBERATION MOVEMENT, AND IN CASES IT HAD EVEN WORKED AGAINST AFRICA, HE CHARGED.

-- ISRAELI RIGHT OF REPLY --

ISRAEL (DORON), REPLYING TO ARAB ACCUSATIONS ABOUT AN ALLEGED SPECIAL RELATIONSHIP WITH SOUTH AFRICA, DENIED THOSE "SILLY AND MALICIOUS" CHARGES AND QUOTED PRESS REPORTS FROM SEVERAL COUNTRIES TO THE EFFECT THAT ARAB STATES WERE BUYING GOLD FROM SOUTH AFRICA AND INCREASING THEIR TRADE. HE STATED THAT WHILE TALKING ABOUT "RACISM AND ZIONISM" THE ARABS WERE "LOOKING AFTER THEIR OWN BUSINESS," AND DECLARED THAT THE WHOLE WORLD KNEW THAT ISRAEL WAS TOTALLY OPPOSED TO RACIAL DISCRIMINATION.

TANZANIA, EGYPT AND QATAR ACCUSED ISRAEL OF TRYING TO SOW DISCORD BETWEEN AFRICAN AND ARB NATIONS. EGYPT DENIED TRADE RELATIONS BETWEEN EGYPT AND SOUTH AFRICA, AND JORDAN STATED THAT THE CLOSE TIES BETWEEN ISRAEL AND SOUTH AFRICA HAD BEEN AMPLY DOCUMENTED. DAHOMEY, ON BEHALF OF THE AFRICAN GROUP, DENOUNCED THE ISRAELI MANEUVERS AND DEEPLY REGRETTED THE ABSTENTIONS OF CERTAIN STATES. DORON DENIED HE HAD "INVENTED" THE PRESS REPORTS HE HAD READ OUT.

SIBEKO, OF PAN AFRICANIST CONGRESS OF AZANIA, ALSO UNDER RIGHT OF REPLY, SAID THEY SEEMED "TO BE BACK AT SQUARE ONE," IN VIEW OF THE EXPLANATIONS FOR ABSTENTIONS. THOSE STATES WANTED TO SEE "THE OLD ORDER" MAINTAINED, WHILE AFRICANS WANTED TO OVERTHROW THE "PRESENT COLONIAL RACIST REGIME" IN AZANIA.

COMMITTEE 3 -- AID TO RACISM

COMMITTEE OCTOBER 24 ADOPTED DRAFT RESOLUTION (L. 2163) ON AGENDA ITEM INTRODUCED SAME DAY ON ADVERSE CONSEQUENCES UNCLASSIFIED

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FOR HUMAN RIGHTS OF ASSISTANCE GIVEN TO COLONIAL AND RACIST REGIMES IN SOUTHERN AFRICA. THE VOTE WAS 94-0-13 (INCLUDING U.S., SWEDEN, NORWAY, FRG AND NETHERLANDS). UNDER THE DRAFT RESOLUTION, THE GA WOULD: 1) CONSIDER STATES AND ORGANIZATIONS WHICH GIVE ASSISTANCE TO RACIST AND COLONIAL REGIMES IN SOUTHERN AFRICA ACCOMPLICES OF THESE REGIMES IN RESPECT OF THEIR POLICIES OF RACIAL DISCRIMINATION, APARTHEID, AND COLONIALISM; 2) REQUEST THE SYG TO GIVE SPECIAL AID TO THE SPECIAL RAPPORTEUR ON THE AGENDA ITEM TO ENABLE HIM TO

COMPLETE HIS REPORT ON THIS SUBJECT FOR THE 29TH SESSION OF THE SUB-COMMISSION ON PREVENTION OF DISCRIMINATION AND PROTECTION OF MINORITIES; AND 3) DECIDED TO CONSIDER THIS ITEM AT ITS 31ST SESSION AS A MATTER OF HIGH PRIORITY.

THE COMMITTEE BEGAN ITS CONSIDERATION OF THE ITEM HEARING AN INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT BY MARC SCHREIBER, DIRECTOR OF THE UN DIVISION OF HUMAN RIGHTS. SCHREIBER SAID THE SPECIAL RAPPORTEUR INTENDED TO VISIT SEVERAL COUNTRIES IN SOUTHERN AFRICA TO INVESTIGATE THE LINK BETWEEN ASSISTANCE TO RACIST AND COLONIAL REGIMES IN THE AREA AND THE ADVERSE CONSEQUENCES FOR HUMAN RIGHTS. IN INTRODUCING THE DRAFT RESOLUTION, GHANA (CATO) SAID ITS ADOPTION WOULD PROVIDE THE COMMITTEE AN OPPORTUNITY TO RE-EXAMINE POLICIES AND ATTITUDES AND TO REAFFIRM SUPPORT FOR THE MAJORITY POPULATION OF SOUTH AFRICA. HE ADDED THAT CERTAIN MEMBER STATES CONTINUED TO COLLABORATE WITH THE SOUTH AFRICAN REGIME POLITICALLY, ECONOMICALLY AND MILITARILY, WHILE PROFESSING TO DEPLORE THE RACIST POLICIES OF THAT REGIME.

PAKISTAN (FARANI) DECLARED THAT IT UNRESERVEDLY SUPPORTED THE DRAFT RESOLUTION AND HOPED THAT THE SPECIAL RAPPORTEUR WOULD NAME IN HIS NEXT REPORT THOSE STATES AND TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS WHICH CONTINUED TO ASSIST THE RACIST REGIMES IN SOUTHERN AFRICA. SOVIET UNION (SMIRNOV) ALSO INDICATED SUPPORT FOR THE DRAFT RESOLUTION, ADDING THAT THE TASK OF THE UN WAS TO TAKE NEW AND EFFECTIVE MEASURES TO ELIMINATE AID TO THE RACIST REGIMES. INDIA (SRINIVASAN) SAID THAT ADOPTION OF THE DRAFT RESOLUTION WAS NECESSARY BECAUSE SOME STATES CONTINUED TO ASSIST THE RACIST REGIMES. HE ALSO SUGGESTED THAT A PROVISION BE ADDED THAT THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SUB-COMMISSION BE PLACED

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BEFORE THE GA AT ITS 1976 SESSION WHEN IT TAKES UP THE ITEM. GHANA (CATO) SAID THE CO-SPONSORS WOULD ACCEPT THE INDIAN SUGGESTION.

IN EXPLANATIONS OF VOTES, THE U.S. (KLOSSON) SAID IT HAD ABSTAINED BECAUSE IT CONSIDERED THE USE OF THE TERM "ASSISTANCE" IN THE RESOLUTION UNCLEAR.

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NETHERLANDS (SPEEKENBRINK) SAID IT HAD ABSTAINED

BECAUSE IT FELT THE RESOLUTION CONTAINED PREJUDICIAL ELEMENTS,

BUT WOULD WELCOME THE REPORT OF THE SPECIAL RAPPORTEUR.

FRG (VON KYAW) SAID IT ABSTAINED BECAUSE IT WAS NOT SURE ABOUT THE MEANING OF PART OF THE RESOLUTION AND BECAUSE IT FELT THAT THE INDIAN AMENDMENT RAISED PROCEDURAL PROBLEMS. SWEDEN AND NORWAY SAID THEY HAD ABSTAINED BECAUSE THEY LACKED INSTRUCTIONS FROM THEIR GOVERNMENTS BUT WOULD HAVE VOTED IN FAVOR OF THE RESOLUTION HAD INSTRUCTIONS BEEN RECEIVED IN TIME. ZAIRE ADDED THAT IT TOO WOULD HAVE VOTED IN FAVOR OF THE RESOLUTION HAD IT BEEN PRESENT FOR THE VOTING. GUINEA (DABO) SAID THAT THE REPRESENTATIVES WHO HAD CLAIMED TO BE AGAINST VIOLATIONS BUT WHO HAD SAID THE TEXT WAS UNCLEAR WERE SIMPLY ACCOMPLICES OF SOUTH AFRICA.

COMMITTEE 4 -- NAMIBIA

AS COMMITTEE CONTINUED DEBATE ON NAMIBIA OCT. 24, IT HEARD VIEWS OF 12 MORE DELEGATIONS: UGANDA, SOVIET UNION, ECUADOR, TANZANIA, GUINEA, CYPRUS, GUYANA, FRANCE, SWAZILAND, PORTUGAL, CAMEROON AND DENMARK. A MANDATORY ARMS EMBARGO WAS CALLED FOR BY UGANDA, TANZANIA AND CAMEROON; ECUADOR AND CAMEROON THOUGH SC SHOULD ACT; GUYANA WANTED FORCEFUL AND MEANINGFUL ACTION; AND UGANDA DID NOT RULE OUT USE OF FORCE. THE TRIPLE VETO WAS CRITICIZED BY TANZANIA, CAMEROON (CALLED IT BETRAYAL), AND GUINEA. UGANDA, TANZANIA AND CAMEROON SAID SOME WESTERN POWERS CONTINUED THEIR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES IN NAMIBIA, AND ECUADOR BELIEVED GOVERNMENTS SHOULD SUSPEND ALL RELATIONS WITH THE PRETORIA REGIME. THE NORWEGIAN SUGGESTION THAT THE HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION SHOULD SEND GROUP TO STUDY THE SITUATION WAS SUPPORTED BY TANZANIA AND DENMARK, AND FRANCE THOUGHT IT JUSTIFIED. ECUADOR AND CYPRUS WELCOMED DECREE NO. 1 ON NATURAL RESOURCES, CYPRUS CALLED FOR FREE ELECTIONS UNDER UN AUSPICES, AND MOST SPARKERS OPPOSED THE CONSTITUTIONAL TALKS BECAUSE THEY WERE NOT WITH THE TRUE REPRESENTATIVES OF NAMIBIA.

THE SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE SAID MILITARY BASES IN SOUTH AFRICA WERE BEING URNISHED WITH ROCKETS AND MIGHT ONE DAY HAVE NUCLEAR WARHEADS, AND HE ASKED IF THAT WOULD HELP THE NAMIBIANS TO PROMOTE PEACE AND SECURITY. TANZANIA
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DECLARED THERE WAS NO BASIS FOR TALKS AND CONTACTS, AND THAT SWAPO SHOULD BE RECOGNIZED BY ALL COUNTRIES AS THE ONLY REPRESENTATIVE OF NAMIBIA. FRENCH DEL SPOKE OF US, UK, FRENCH EFFORTS TO CONVINCE SOUTH AFRICA TO WITHDRAW FROM NAMIBIA. REFERRING TO THE SC VETO, HE SAID THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PROPOSED RESOLUTION WERE SUCH AS TO STRENGTHEN THE NEGATIVE ATTITUDE OF SOUTH AFRICA RATHER THAN LEAD TO CHANGE. DENMARK SAW SOME NEW ELEMENTS IN SOUTH AFRICA'S POSITION, THOUGH THEY WERE AMBIGUOUS AND DID NOT GIVE CLEAR ASSURANCE OF A CHANGED

POLICY.

GUINEA (MRS. MAKEBA) SUGGESTED FORMULATING A RESOLUTION IN WHICH THE GA WOULD REJECT THE "SO-CALLED CONSTITUTIONAL CONFERENCE" STAGED "WITH THE PUPPET BANTUSTAN LEADERS"; URGE SOUTH AFRICA TO RELEASE ALL NAMIBIAN POLITICAL PRISONERS, PERMIT ALL NAMIBIANS IN EXILE FOR POLITICAL REASONS TO RETURN FREELY, WITHOUT FEAR OF ARREST, AND WITHDRAW THE TROOPS STATIONED IN NAMIBIA AND ACROSS THE BORDER WITH ANGOLA. SHE ALSO SUGGESTED THAT THE COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA, IN CONJUNCTION WITH SWAPO, IMMEDIATELY CONVENE A CONSTITUTIONAL CONFERENCE OF ALL NAMIBIANS AND DEFRAID THE COSTS OF THEIR TRANSPORTATION TO SUCH A CONFERENCE.

COMMITTEE 5 -- GENEVA PROPERTY, ESA, STAFF TRAVEL

COMMITTEE OCT. 24 APPROVED BY CONSENSUS EXCHANGE OF PROPERTY BETWEEN GENEVA AND UN AFTER HEARING ANOTHER QUIBBLING STATEMENT BY ALGERIA; ELECTED GHANA TO BOARD OF AUDITORS; AND BEGAN DISCUSSION OF STANDARD OF ACCOMMODATION OF OFFICIAL TRAVEL OF UN STAFF BY AIR AS WELL AS SECTIONS 5A (DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL AFFAIRS) AND 5B (INFORMATION AND RESEARCH CENTER FOR TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS). IN ELECTION TO BOARD OF AUDITORS, VOTING WAS: GHANA -- 55(US); BANGLADESH -- 31, SRI LANKA -- 41, AND ABSTENTIONS -- 2.

ALGERIAN REPRESENTATIVE, WHO ASKED FOR DEFERRAL OF ITEM ON ACCOMMODATION OF OFFICIAL TRAVEL OF UN STAFF BY AIR, SAID HE WAS STILL CONSULTING WITH OTHER DELEGATIONS ABOUT A POSSIBLE DRAFT RESOLUTION (WHICH EVIDENTLY WILL PROPOSE THAT ECONOMY CLASS BE REQUIRED ON SHORT HAULS OF CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS
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WHO NOW GO FIRST CLASS).

NETHERLANDS DEL ASKED WHAT COUNTRIES BESIDES GON HAD MADE VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS TO INFORMATION AND RESEARCH CENTER ON TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS. SOVIETS SUPPORTED CENTER BUT COMPLAINED ABOUT AMOUNT REQUESTED AND CALLED FOR ADHERENCE TO PRINCIPLE OF EQUITABLE GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION IN HIRING CENTER PERSONNEL (ASKED THAT SOVIETS BE HIRED).

BRAZIL STRONGLY RECOMMENDED APPROVAL OF THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF \$42.7 MILLION PROPOSED BY THE SYG FOR DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL AFFAIRS. U.S. (STOTTLEMYER) CONTENTED ESA COULD TAKE A DEEPER CUT THAN ACABQ RECOMMENDED, SUGGESTING REDUCTION OF \$1.8 MILLION FROM SYG'S PROPOSAL. SOVIETS ECHOED MANY OF U.S. SENTIMENTS, PARTICULARLY DUPLICATION AS BETWEEN OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND UNESCO, APPLAUDED U.S. RECOMMENDATION FOR GREATER REDUCTION

THAN ACABQ PROPOSED, AND STATED THEY WOULD VOTE
AGAINST ACABQ REDUCED APPROPRIATION. (OURTEL 5334)

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COMMITTEE 6--ILC REPORT, SUCCESSION OF STATES

DEBATE ON ITEMS RELATING TO THE ILC REPORT AND TO SUCCESSION OF STATES IN RESPECT OF TREATIES CONTINUED IN COMMITTEE OCT. 24 WITH STATEMENTS BY REPRESENTATIVES OF IRAN, INDONESIA, GUATEMALA, BOLIVIA, UK, NIGERIA, SYRIA AND NEW ZEALAND. THE UK SUGGESTED THE ILC ISSUE ITS REPORT IN TWO OR MORE PARTS TO GIVE GOVERNMENTS A LONGER PERIOD TO STUDY THE CHAPTERS THAT WERE READY FIRST, SAID THE AUSTRALIAN SUGGESTION THAT COMMENTARIES SHOULD BE SUBMITTED IN A MORE SUMMARY FORM IN INTERIM REPORTS WAS IMPRACTICABLE, BUT EXPRESSED THE VIEW THAT THE COMMENTARIES HAD A TENDENCY TO BECOME UNDULY LENGTHY. NEW ZEALAND AGREED THERE DID SEEM TO BE A GOOD CASE FOR GREATER BREVITY IN THE REPORTS, BUT SAID IT WOULD BE HARD TO EXAGGERATE THE VALUE OF A PASSAGE SUCH AS THE INTRODUCTION TO THE CURRENT REPORT ON STATE RESPONSIBILITY.

ON SUCCESSION OF STATES IN RESPECT TO TREATIES, IRAN THOUGHT BOUNDARY TREATIES SHOULD BE EXCLUDED FROM THE "CLEAN SLATE" PRINCIPLE AND HOPED THE ARTICLE WOULD BE DELETED OR IMPROVED. BOLIVIA SAID THOSE ARTICLES SHOULD BE SENT BACK TO ILC AND OBSERVATIONS FROM GOVERNMENTS STUDIED. NIGERIA OBSERVED THAT A CLEAN SLATE PRINCIPLE, IF WELL APPLIED, WOULD NOT PRECLUDE THE PRINCIPLE OF CONTINUITY, WHICH WAS MEANT FOR THE PRESERVATION OF GOOD INTERNATIONAL NORMS. NIGERIA ALSO SUGGESTED HAVING THESE DRAFT ARTICLES ON THE COMMITTEE'S AGENDA NEXT YEAR. SYRIA SUPPORTED THE "CLEAN SLATE" THEORY.

WITH RESPECT TO THE DRAFT ARTICLES ON STATE RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERNATIONALLY WRONGFUL ACTS, IRAN THOUGHT ILC MADE SUBSTANTIAL PROGRESS, AND SAID THE DRAFT ARTICLE WHICH HELD THAT STATES WERE NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ACTS OF INDIVIDUALS PERFORMED IN A PRIVATE CAPACITY WAS WELCOME BUT IT WAS NOT ALWAYS EASY TO ESTABLISH WHETHER A PERSON ACTED AS PART OF AN ORGAN OR AS AN INDIVIDUAL. INDONESIA SAID STATES SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO EVADE THEIR RESPONSIBILITY BY CLAIMING THAT THE PARTICULAR WRONGFUL ACT OR OMISSION WAS ULTRA VARIES, AND HOPED ILC WOULD TAKE UP SOON THE SEPARATE TOPIC OF INTERNATIONAL LIABILITY FOR INJURIOUS CONSEQUENCES

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ARISING OUT OF ACTS NOT PROHIBITED BY INTERNATIONAL LAW. SYRIA SAID THAT STATES SHOULD BE RESPONSIBLE FOR AGGRESSION, EXPULSION OF PEOPLE FROM THEIR HOMELAND AND HINDERING PEOPLES FROM THEIR RIGHT TO SELF-DETERMINATION, AND STATES RESPONSIBLE FOR THESE ACTS SHOULD BE BROUGHT BEFORE INTERNATIONAL COURTS AND PROSECUTED FOR CRIMES AGAINST HUMANITY.

CONCERNING THE QUESTION OF BOUNDARY TREATIES, GUATEMALA THOUGHT THE DRAFT ARTICLES COULD GIVE RISE TO PROBLEMS, AND NOTED THEY DID NOT MENTION SITUATIONS WHEN THE TREATIES WERE INVALID OR HAD BEEN TERMINATED. THE MERE FACT OF THE SUCCESSION OF A STATE WAS NOT A GOOD REASON FOR ESTABLISHING BOUNDARIES IF THEY WERE ILLEGAL AT THE TIME OF SUCCESSION, IN WHICH CASE THE BOUNDARY TREATY COULD BE CHALLENGED.

TURNING TO THE MOST-FAVORED-NATION CLAUSE, INDONESIA SUPPORTED THE ARTICLES WHICH STATED A BENEFICIARY STATE WAS NOT ENTITLED UNDER IT TO ANY TREATMENT EXTENDED BY A DEVELOPED GRANTING STATE TO A DEVELOPING THIRD STATE ON NON-RECIPROCAL BASIS WITHIN A GENERALIZED SYSTEM OF PREFERENCES ESTABLISHED BY THE GRANTING STATE. GUATEMALA FEARED THAT UNLESS THE DRAFT ARTICLE WERE REVISED, IT WOULD DISRUPT THE FUNCTIONING OF ECONOMIC COMMUNITIES. BOLIVIA WANTED THE DECISIONS OF THE 6TH AND 7TH SPECIAL SESSIONS REFLECTED.

SPEAKING ON THE DRAFT ARTICLE ON INSURRECTIONAL MOVEMENTS, IRAN SUPPORTED THE NARROW DEFINITION BECAUSE IT WAS BASED ON THE PRACTICE OF STATES, BUT HAD DOUBTS ABOUT ATTRIBUTING UNLAWFUL ACTS TO INSURRECTIONAL MOVEMENTS WHICH BECAME THE SUCCESSOR STATE. BOLIVIA SUGGESTED THE DRAFT ARTICLE DID NOT REFLECT THE CURRENT SITUATION AND THAT THERE SHOULD BE A REVISION WITH RESPECT TO ACTIVITIES OF TERRORIST BANDS.

LAW OF THE SEA--

AS A DIRECT RESULT OF PAUL ENGO'S CONSULTATIONS IN WHICH HE ADVOCATED INFORMAL MEETINGS ON COMMITTEE 1 LOS NEGOTIATING TEXT, SECRETARIAT INFORMED DELEGATIONS PARTICIPATING IN UNCLASSIFIED

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THE CONFERENCE THAT CONSULTATIONS WOULD BE SCHEDULED DURING LAST TWO WEEKS OF NOVEMBER. (USUN --5331)

UN MEETINGS OCT. 27--

AM--COMITE 1, SPECIAL POLITICAL, 2, 3, 4, AND ADVISORY

COMITE ON APPRECIATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW

PM--COMITE 1, SPECIAL POLITICAL, 2, 5, AND 6

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